

Notes and links

January 13th, and 14th

What means economy/economics and what these words mean for you.

Home-work

—

A close look to the program:

http://fisica-sc.campusnet.unito.it/do/corsi.pl/Show?id=gwpc;sort=DEFAULT;search=:hits=59#a_programma_gwpc

My book.

Epstein, J.M. (2014), Agent_Zero: Toward Neurocognitive Foundations for Generative Social Science:

see the Cmap/Readings

—

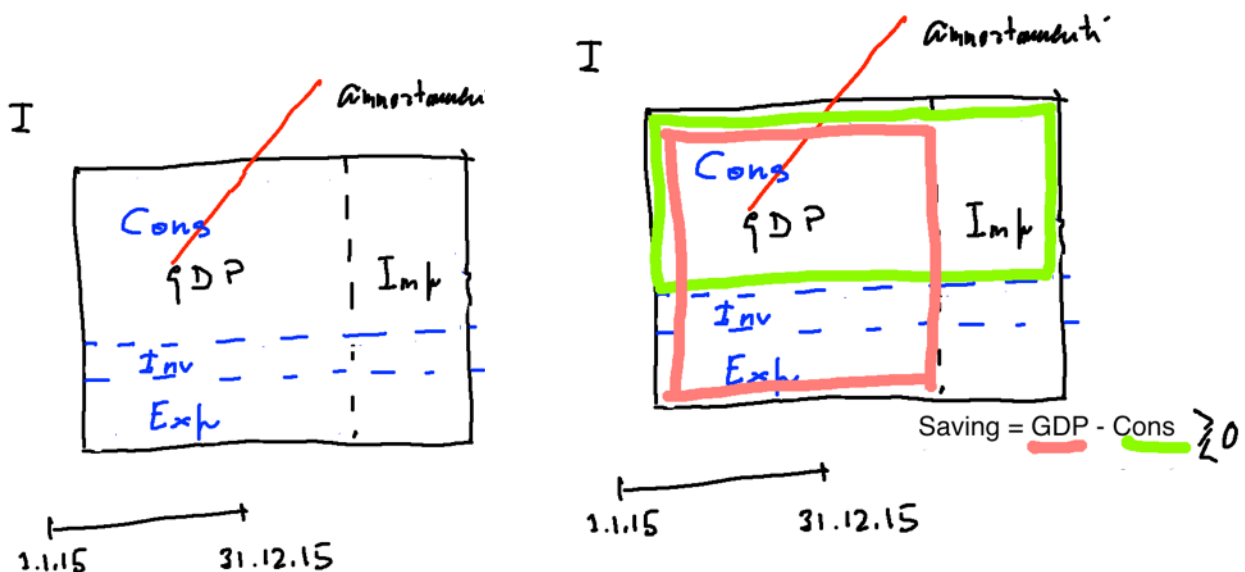
The importance of our Cmap

—

Leibniz's dream.

—

A rectangular pie.



National accounting, look at the online primer (from the program)

China and Krugman, International New York Times, Jan. 9th, 2016 (Cmap)

<http://hdr.undp.org/en/content/human-development-index-hdi>

—

A short paper on models, Simon and complexity, by Pietro Terna.

From the Cmap look at

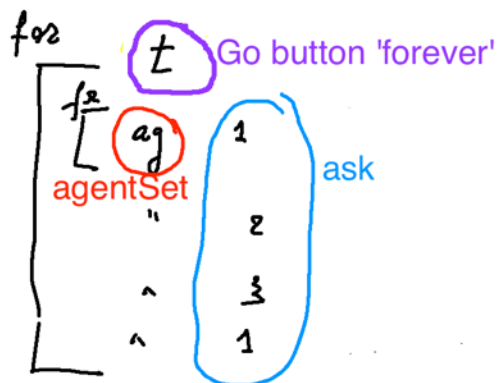
p. 4, three types of models

p. 5, the **Axtell and Epstein's definition of ABMs**

—

Agent-based models and programming.

A first look to NetLogo



January 19th, 20th, and 21st

Moving the lesson of Wednesday Jan 27th to ...

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Old and current Home-works

—

Notes on the exam

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Restart from the Terna paper above.

Continue with the Go button 'forever' (using also reset-ticks, risk and ticks) and then with the content of the NetLogo box in the Cmap

and SLAPP (with Python) + Oligopoly model

Python / IPython
with <https://tmp39.tmpnb.org/>
and <https://www.juliabox.org>

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The folder "1 plainProgrammingBug" in SLAPP

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January 26th, and 27th

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Old and current Home-works

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The program
"start 1 plainProgrammingBug.nlogo" in Cmap/Programming Examples

Look at the content of the **boxes**

Agent based models (ABMs) for simulation experiments

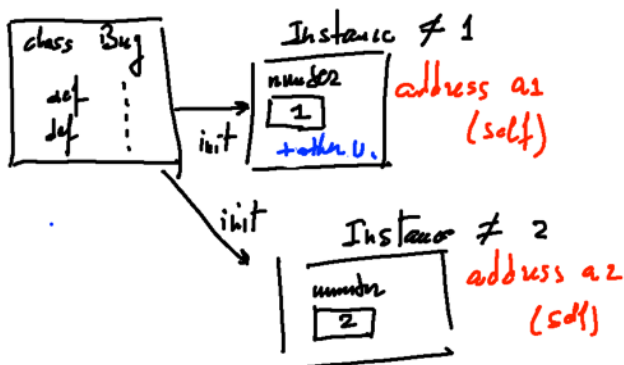
Programming / Python / IPython

—

"2 basicObjectProgrammingBug" in SLAPP

Adding collections

"3 basicObjectProgrammingManyBugs" in SLAPP (with a further step in "start 3 basicObjectProgrammingManyBugsAppend.py" reported in the Cmap)



Class, instances, the *self* concept as a memory address; as a starting point have a look to the file `class_instances_self.py`, (in the Cmap)

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Back to NetLogo, in a parallel way:

start 1 plainProgrammingBug.nlogo

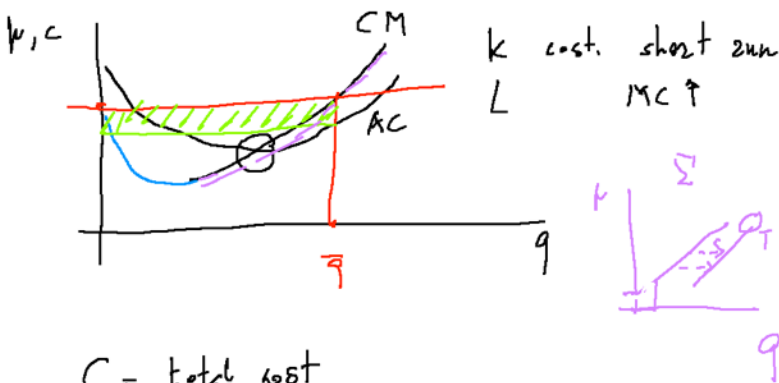
start 2 basicObjectProgrammingBug.nlogo

start 3 basicObjectProgrammingManyBugs.nlogo

—

Economics

Quantity in a perfect competition market



$C = \text{total cost}$

$AC = C/q$

$MC = \text{marginal cost}$

Average

$C_{q_2} - C_{q_1}$

(Economy)

<http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/uknews/theroyalfamily/3386353/The-Queen-asks-why-no-one-saw-the-credit-crunch-coming.html>

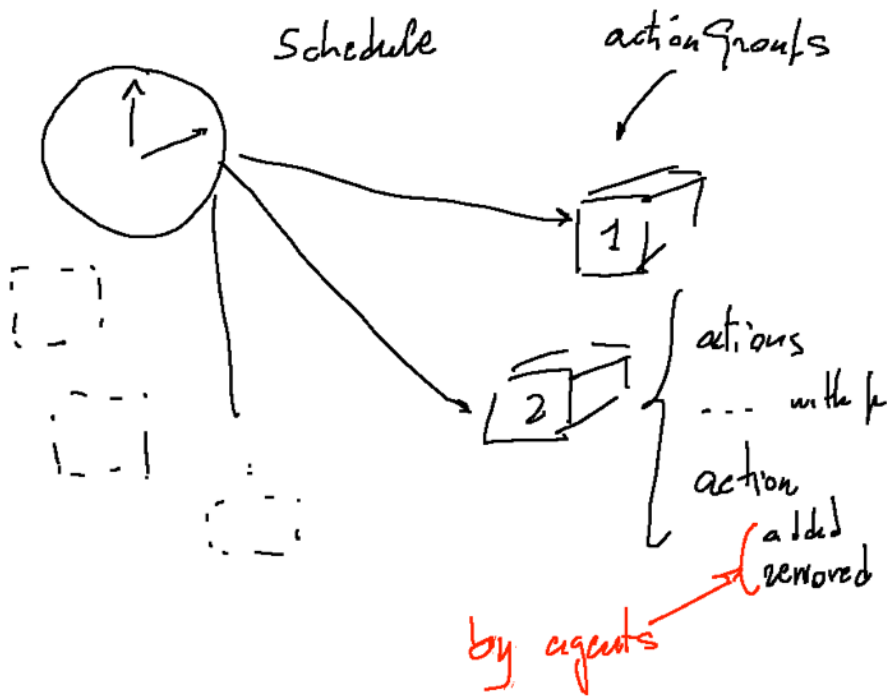
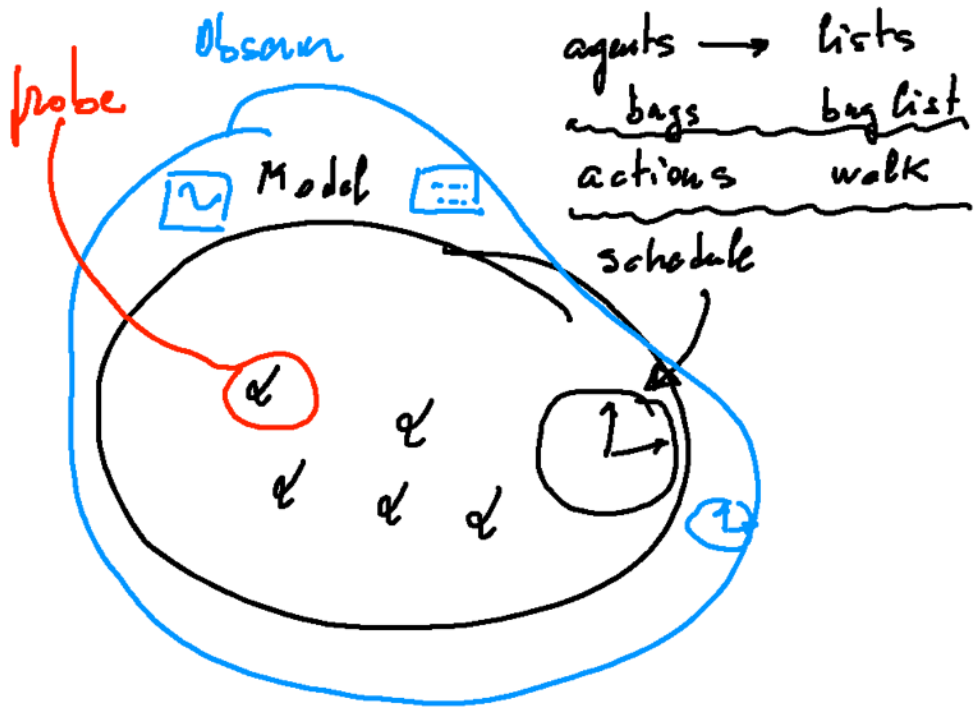
Mario Draghi at Prometeia 40th year celebration (<http://www.prometeia.it/home>), Dec. 14th, 2015: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L0FFCRlskyQ>

February 2nd, 3rd, and 4th

—

Old and current Home-works

The Swarm protocol and the schedule representation



Novelties in the Cmap (Readings); two cycle of lessons

(Economy again)

Basics of consumer choice

$$\max U(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

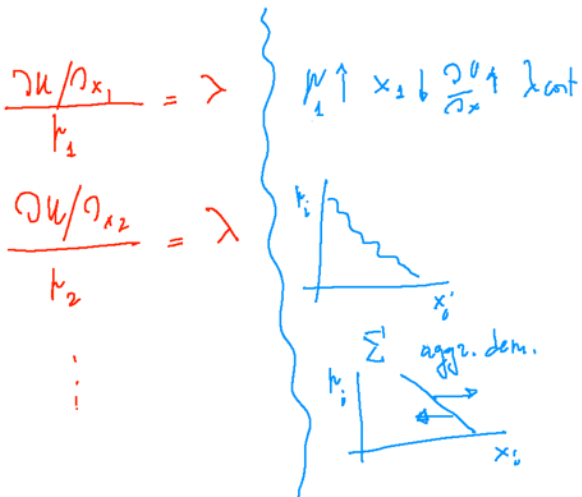
$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial x_1} \dots \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_n} > 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x_i^2} < 0$$

$$x_1 p_1 + x_2 p_2 + \dots + x_n p_n - \bar{R} = 0$$

$$L = U(x_1, x_2) - \lambda [x_1 p_1 + x_2 p_2 - \bar{R}]$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_1} - \lambda p_1 = 0 ; \quad \frac{\partial U / \partial x_1}{p_1} = \lambda$$

$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda}$ → the constrain



(with Quantity in a perfect competition market, pp. 23–66 of Fenoaltea's book)

—

class Turtle and
turtlesMovingTalking.py
turtlesMovingTalking_DISPLAYING.py

—

Python/SLAPP folder 4: basicObjectProgrammingManyBugs_bugExternal+_shuffle

start 4 basicObjectProgrammingManyBugs+_shuffle.nlogo
start 4bis basicObjectProgrammingManyBugs+_shuffle+_ModAttributes.nlogo
breeds.nlogo

—

February 9th, 10th, and 11th

exec("a=2; if a< 3: print 'pew'") rises and error
exec("a=2\nif a< 3: print 'pew'")
but exec("a=2\n if a< 3: print 'pew'") works

; in the indented blocks
exec("a=2\nif a<2:b=11;print b\nelse: b=22;print b")

—

Old and current Home-works

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Cmap, a link to a lesson of mine

A slide about ABM vs. MAS

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Python/SLAPP folder: 5 objectSwarmModelBugs

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Exploring the stock market with

CDA_basic_model.nlogo

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projects in SLAPP

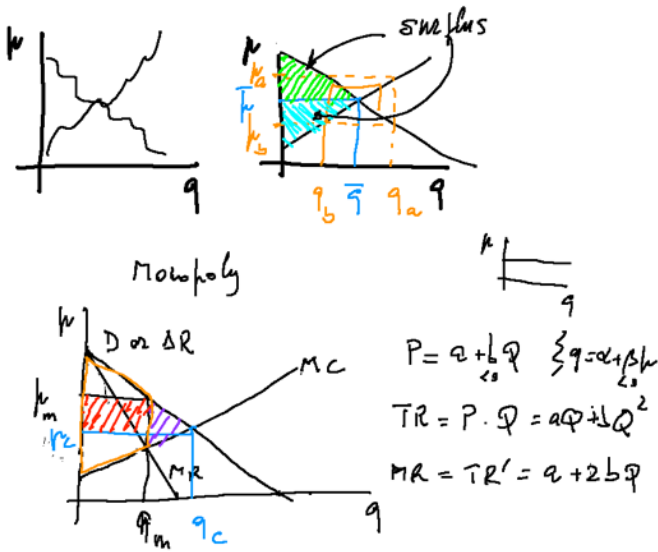
SLAPP in IPython and on line

installing the stuff for SLAPP

—

Economics

Monopoly



February 16th (double), 17th, and 18th

—

Old and current Home-works

CDA with a new kind of agents, try together

—

—

Cmap:

R
Scratch, StarLogo TNG

special learning tool for R: swirl

```
install.packages("swirl")  
library("swirl")  
swirl()
```

a book about

R Programming for Data Science

building a data set for an Artificial Neural Network, collecting data

How a monopolistic firm behaves

jupyter notebook

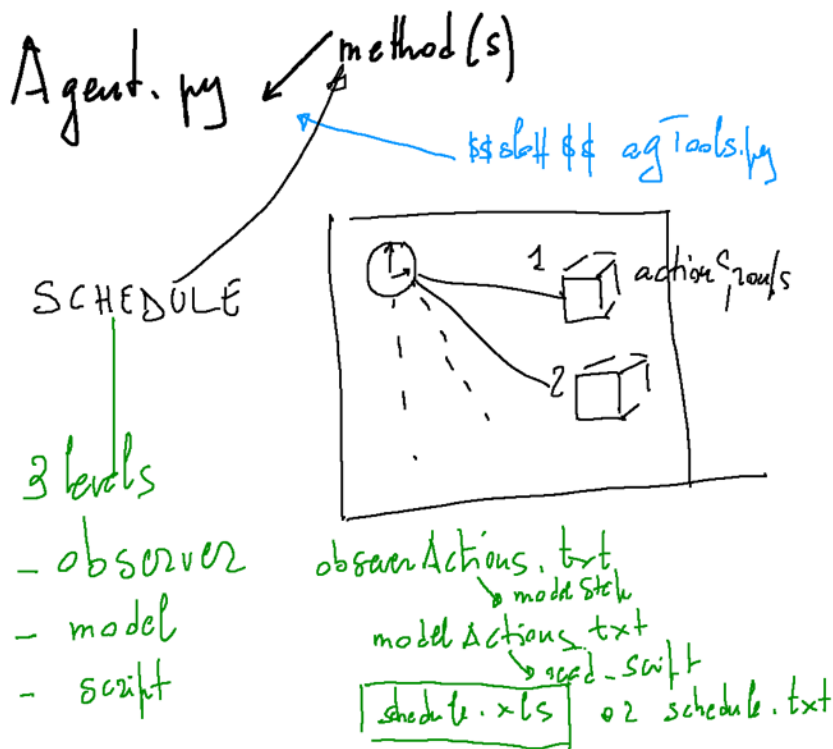
use above command line instead of *ipython notebook*

(pip jupyter install)

getting closer to

the running shell of SLAPP, folder

6 objectSwarmObserverAgents_AESOP_turtleLib_NetworkX



Agent definition

agTypefile.txt { files containing the agents
(their initial data)

script (using Agent.py (methods)
agTypefile (types of ag))
↓
schedule.xls (or .txt if .xls lacking)

[The AESOP (Agents and Emergencies for Simulating Organizations in Python) implementation, has the capability of reading the schedule from a text file.

The test file is schedule.txt and its contents are read if we have "read_script" steps activated in the schedule of the model.

If the file is finished, further attempt to "read_schedule" have no effect.

We can read more than one command per step.

If we create a xls file, this is used instead of the txt one.]

explore projects:

basic

production

NB practice with terminal/power shell/command prompt

It is highly useful to familiarize with the Unix-like commands of the Linux/Mac OS Terminal and Windows PowerShell, e.g., at

https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Command-line_interface&redirect=no

and with the DOS-like commands of Command Prompt of Windows, e.g., at

<http://pcsupport.about.com/od/termsc/p/command-prompt.htm>

February 23rd, 24th, and 25th

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Old and current Home-works

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CDA trend again, self-fulfilling prophecies

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markets again:

the **a_R_demand_offer.R model** (in R just to exercise) vs. the **interactingBuyersAndSellers.nlogo** model in NetLogo examples, with the interactingB&S_pictures.zip collection

—

a first look to an ANN (box Artificial Neural Networks).

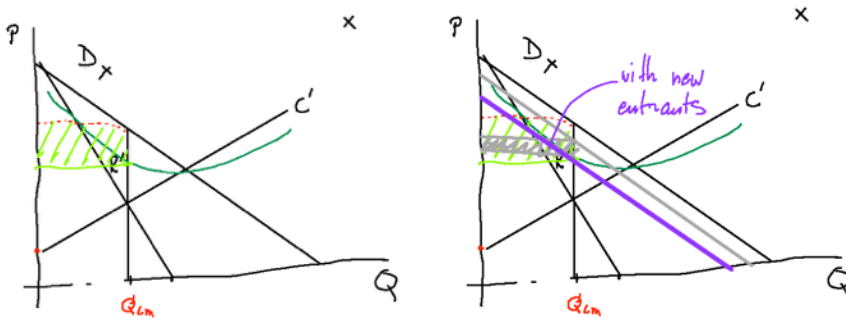
the examples in http://terna.to.it/econophysics16/R_examples/ repository, with our class

(and the old RNA code).

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Monopolistic competition

(with pp. 67–88 and 121-128 of Fenoaltea's book)



Oligopoly → Duopoly

Demand c_1 , $P = A - Q$
 $Q = Q_1 + Q_2$

$MC = C'_1 = C'_2 = 0$

$TR = R_1 = P Q_1 = [A - (Q_1 + Q_2)] Q_1 =$

$= A Q_1 - Q_1^2 - Q_1 Q_2$ (*)

$R'_1 = A - 2 Q_1 - Q_2 \stackrel{=0}{\rightarrow}$

with $R'_1 = C'_1 = 0$

reaction function

$Q_1 = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{1}{2} Q_2; Q_2 = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{1}{2} Q_1$

Oligopoly of Stackelberg

$$R_1 = A\varphi_1 - \varphi_1^2 - \varphi_1 \varphi_2 \quad (*)$$

$$\varphi_2 = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\varphi_1$$

$$R_1 = \frac{A}{2}\varphi_1 - \frac{1}{2}\varphi_1^2$$

$$R'_1 = \frac{A}{2} - \varphi_1 \rightarrow 0 \quad c_1'$$

$$\varphi_1 = \frac{A}{2} \quad \varphi_2 = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{A}{2} = \frac{A}{4}$$

$$P = A - \varphi$$



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March 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Novelties in the Cmap and in Digressions and Quirks

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Old and current Home-works

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Oligopoly model with Marco Mazzoli and Matteo Morini

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connecting R to NetLogo

<http://rserve-ext.sourceforge.net/>

download rserve_v0.1beta_for_NL5beta4_R2.12-and_higher
and place the unzipped folder in NetLogo extensions

search for examples in /NetLogo\ 5.3/extensions/rserve/examples

example1.nlogo

plot-example.nlogo

connecting R to Python

[http://terna.to.it/econophysics16/cmap/pyRserve_Rserve%20\(difficult\).pdf](http://terna.to.it/econophysics16/cmap/pyRserve_Rserve%20(difficult).pdf)

Within R

```
> install.packages("Rserve")
```

using Serve

```
> library(Rserve)
```

>Rserve()

>Rserve(args="--no-save") in Mac OSX

now you can quit R

>q()

In Python, interactively

```
import pyRserve
```

```
cn=pyRserve.connect(host="localhost")
```

```
cn.r('a=2')
```

```
cn.r.a
```

```
cn.r('v<-c(1,2,1,3,-1,22,-7)')
```

```
cn.r('x11()')
```

```
cn.r('plot(v)')
```

```
cn.r('dev.off()')
```

```
cn.close()
```

a complete example is timeSeriesNNs.zip

in our repository http://terna.to.it/econophysics16/Python_examples/

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Production function and long run production

Decreasing returns?

Production function Cobb-Douglas $\alpha, \beta > 0$
 $\alpha + \beta \leq 1$

$$P_t = f(L_t, K_t) = \frac{A L_t^\alpha K_t^\beta}{L_t}$$

marginal productivity of labor, being $\frac{P}{L}$ the productivity of labor

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial L} = \alpha A L^{\alpha-1} K^\beta$$

idea for K

$$\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial L^2} = (\alpha - 1) A L^{\alpha-2} K^\beta < 0$$

$\frac{\partial P}{\partial L}, \frac{\partial P}{\partial K} > 0$
 $\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial L^2}, \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial K^2} < 0$

min $C = wL + zK$ with $\bar{P} = P(L, K) = A L^\alpha K^\beta$ as constraint
 so $\bar{P} - P(L, K) = 0$
 with $\Delta = C + \lambda(\bar{P} - P(L, K))$
 $\frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial L} = w - \lambda \frac{\partial P}{\partial L} = 0; \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial K} = z - \lambda \frac{\partial P}{\partial K} = 0$ giving $\frac{\partial P / \partial L}{w} = \frac{\partial P / \partial K}{z}$

$$P_0 = \Delta L^\alpha K^\beta$$

$$L \rightarrow \lambda L$$

$$K \rightarrow \lambda K$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$\alpha + \beta > 1 \quad (2)$$

$$\alpha + \beta < 1$$

$$P_1 = \Delta (\lambda L)^\alpha \cdot (\lambda K)^\beta = \Delta \lambda^{\alpha+\beta} L^\alpha K^\beta \rightarrow \lambda P$$

\uparrow (1) $\rightarrow \lambda P$
 \uparrow (2)

(with pp. 90-106 of Fenoaltea's book)

Let us recapitulate from the beginning, about economics

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Network analysis

NetLogo and the NW extension.

Preliminary steps with the NW library following:

a) ourFirst_NW_Example.nlogo

b) the Usage section in
<https://github.com/NetLogo/NW-Extension>
 with:

- nw:context (our file contexts.logo)

- Special agentsets vs. normal agentsets (look at ourFirst_NW_Example+SIZE.nlogo)

c) from <https://github.com/NetLogo/NW-Extension/tree/5.x/demo>
 look at the Network Extension General Demo
 with the info sheet and to its weblins

d) an emerging network: productionWorld.nlogo

Python and the NetworkX library

NetworkX use:

aFirstStepWithNetworkX.py

aFirstStepWithNetworkX_&_agents.py
betweennessWithNetworkX_&_agents.py
betweennessWithNetworkX_&_agents_large.py

The use of draw_networkx() instead of draw()
as at http://networkx.lanl.gov/_modules/networkx/drawing/nx_pylab.html

Look at

<http://networkx.github.io/documentation/latest/index.html>

<https://www.wakari.io/sharing/bundle/nvikram/Basics%20of%20Networkx> (very important)

<http://networkx.github.io/documentation/latest/reference/algorithms.html>

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March 8th

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Last Home-work

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Novelties in the Cmap and in Digressions and Quirks

In Readings and Links,

Jan C. Thiele, Winfried Kurth, and Volker Grimm. Facilitating parameter estimation and sensitivity analysis of agent-based models: A cookbook using netlogo and 'r'. *Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation*, 17(3):11, 2014. ISSN 1460-7425.

Numpy

Genetic Algorithms and NetLogo

In NetLogo box

__includes
BehaviorSpace
eXtraWidgets

—

DSGE

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dynamic_stochastic_general_equilibrium
browsing it ...

The virtues and vices of equilibrium and the future of financial economics
COMPLEXITY

Volume 14, Issue 3, January/February 2009, Pages: 11–38, J. Doyne Farmer and John Geanakoplos
<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/cplx.20261/abstract>

Giorgio Fagiolo and Andrea Roventini. Macroeconomic Policy in DSGE and Agent-Based Models. *Revue de l'OFCE*, (5):67–116, 2012
http://www.cairn.info/load_pdf.php?ID_ARTICLE=REOF_124_0067

—

A Python to play with complexity: PyCX
<http://pycx.sourceforge.net>
with a new problems

—

As a (controversial) conclusion
Mauro Gallegati, Steve Keen, Thomas Lux, Paul Ormerod
Physica A 370 (2006) 1–6
Worrying trends in econophysics
<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0378437106004420> (from Unito network)

browsing it ...

Digressions and quirks

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JEP 1/2016 <https://www.aeaweb.org/articles.php?doi=10.1257%2Fjep.30.1>

with

Power Laws in Economics: An Introduction
<https://www.aeaweb.org/articles.php?doi=10.1257/jep.30.1.185>
with a data set

Retrospectives: What Did the Ancient Greeks Mean by *Oikonomia*?
<https://www.aeaweb.org/articles.php?doi=10.1257/jep.30.1.225>

—

quite new for Python: A Complete Tutorial to Learn Data Science with Python from Scratch

<http://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2016/01/complete-tutorial-learn-data-science-python-scratch-2/>

—

Lynne Hamill, Nigel Gilbert (2015), *Agent-Based Modelling in Economics*, Wiley
<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/book/10.1002/9781118945520>

—
Frédéric Abergel, Hideaki Aoyama, Bikas K. Chakrabarti, Anirban Chakraborti, and Asim Ghosh (eds.) (2014), *Econophysics of Agent-Based Models*. New Economic Windows. New York and Heidelberg: Springer, 2014

Blake LeBaron review on JEL, <https://www.aeaweb.org/articles.php?doi=10.1257/jel.52.3.851.r3> (working from unito network)

—
<http://quant-econ.net> with
http://quant-econ.net/about_lectures.html#python-or-julia
<http://quant-econ.net/py/index.html>
<http://quant-econ.net/jl/index.html>

<https://github.com/FRBNY-DSGE/DSGE.jl>

—
A neural network learning to play chess

<http://www.macitynet.it/giraffe-un-sistema-dintelligenza-artificiale-72-ore-imparato-giocare-scacchi-battere-chiunque/>

<http://qz.com/502325/an-ai-computer-learned-how-to-beat-almost-anyone-at-chess-in-72-hours/>

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1509.01549v1>

<https://chessprogramming.wikispaces.com/Matthew+Lai>

—
A light ABM tool in JavaScript, Json

<http://ncase.me/simulating/>

—
Neural networks to play Go (AlphaGo (Google Deepmind))

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AlphaGo>

<http://www.economist.com/news/science-and-technology/21689501-beating-go-champion-machine-learning-computer-says-go?frsc=dg%7C>

<http://www.readcube.com/articles/10.1038%2Fnature16961>

—
Blockchain, the view of the UK Government Office for Science:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/492972/gs-16-1-distributed-ledger-technology.pdf

Journal of Economic Perspectives: Vol. 29 No. 2 (Spring 2015)

Bitcoin: Economics, Technology, and Governance
<https://www.aeaweb.org/articles.php?doi=10.1257/jep.29.2.213>

OECD
Disruptive innovations and their effect on competition
<http://www.oecd.org/daf/competition/disruptive-innovations-and-competition.htm>

open source and blockchain:
<http://www.zdnet.com/article/blockchain-as-a-service-the-global-database-goes-mainstream/>

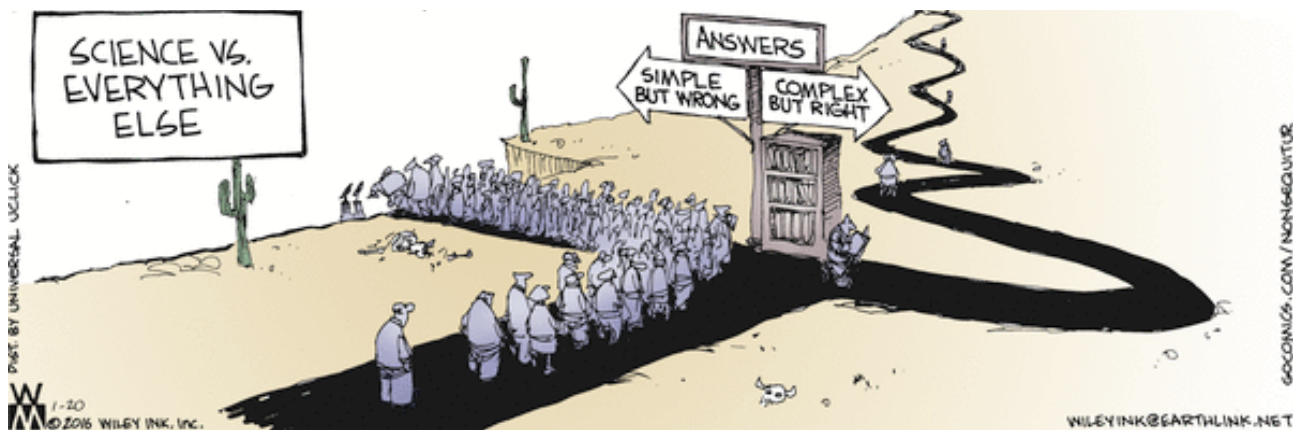
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www.santafe.edu

SFI Update: January/February 2016
http://www.santafe.edu/media/update_pdf/SFI_Update_Jan_Feb_2016_FNL.pdf

—

Non Sequitur by Wiley Miller
<http://www.gocomics.com/nonsequitur/2016/01/20>



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<http://hplusmagazine.com/2010/11/04/precognition-real-cornell-university-lab-releases-powerful-new-evidence-human-mind-can/>

<http://www.pnas.org/content/early/2016/01/14/1523834113>
The brain's predictive prowess revealed in primary visual cortex

—

Disconnected! The parallel streams of network literature in the natural and social sciences
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1511.03981>

—

Microsoft R Open: The Enhanced R Distribution
<https://mran.revolutionanalytics.com/open/>

—

Knowledge and development

http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=2717414
The Great Divergence: A Network Approach

—

SymPy is a Python library for symbolic mathematics.
<http://www.sympy.org/en/index.html>

—

High Frequency Trading

http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=1953524
http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=2122716
http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=2294526
<http://www.smallake.kr/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/The-Good-the-Bad-and-the-Ugly-of-Automated-High-Frequency-Trading.pdf>

—

no offense (if you have young relatives ...):
<https://code.org>

—

about Complexity

Gianni Riotta, former director La Stampa:
<http://www.lastampa.it/2016/02/19/cultura/riotta-cheDHhucoAK6coyBtiiF6H/pagina.html>

Riccardo Sabatini, theoretical physicists:
Complexity, smart data and food: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=inYpXdRX31o>

—

Subdominant Dense Clusters Allow for Simple Learning and High Computational Performance in Neural Networks with Discrete Synapses
<http://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevLett.115.128101>

—

An Italian research perspective:

<http://www.scienzainrete.it/contenuto/articolo/cristina-da-rolde/cingolani-ce-lha-fatta-parte-human-technopole/febbraio-2016>

<http://terna.to.it/econophysics16/downloadable/ISIforHumanTechnopole.pdf>

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Robots and agents:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6b4ZZQkcNEo>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xK54Bu9HFRw>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rVlhMGQgDkY>

—

An endogenous network model of banking systems

<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/cplx.21765/abstract>

—

Immersion (MIT)

<https://immersion.media.mit.edu>

Atlas of Economic Complexity (MIT)

<http://atlas.media.mit.edu>

—

Google car: imaginary dialogue with a cop after a crash (Financial Times)

<http://on.ft.com/1nJyQna>

—

Journal of Economic Interaction and Coordination

pp 1-38

First online: 04 March 2016

Complexity and model comparison in agent based modeling of financial markets from unito network <http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs11403-016-0173-0>

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Iowa Electronic Market and US Presidential Elections

<http://tippie.uiowa.edu/iem/markets/pres16.html>

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